Poole Flying Boats Celebration (Charity No.1123274)

PFBC Archive: Our Charity is committed to developing & maintaining its Public-Access Archive...

For the purpose of this website a brief selection of items together with information have been provided where references in blue indicate further material is available.

Part Twenty: A Behind the Scenes Look at Aquila Airways 1948-58... 'Aquila Insight' © PFBC

Poole Flying Boats Celebration acknowledges the significant contribution which Aquila Airways paid to the History of the UK's Flying Boat services during some 10 years of its operations from 18th. May 1948, until 30th. September 1958. Through his entrepreneurial vision & passion for Flying Boats, former RAF Wing Commander - Barry T. Aikman DFC, with the dedication of his airline staff, a marvellous swansong was added to this history during that period when the last vestiges of travel by the glorious Flying Boats were being wound-up across the world, with new airports for landplanes.

"The scene is not a major airport, or even a regional one like Hurn (later renamed Bournemouth International Airport), it is Berth 50 in what was known as the Old Docks, Southampton. In the 1950s Aquila Airways occupied part of a new purpose-built Marine Terminal intended for use by BOAC. It was from here that Aquila operated to a number of idyllic destinations. However, my account (PFBC HLM Norman Hull) goes back to 1952/3 when only the Madeira service was in operation - this was the service Aquila 'made its name on' and a look will be made at an arrival, and then a departure.

The Traffic Officer, often engaged from a Shipping Office, had to be conversant with all aspects of inward and outward freight, an in-depth knowledge of both baggage & passenger handling, and for good measure the aircraft bonded stores... Consideration of the Timetable will clearly demonstrate the unsocial hours worked by the Traffic Staff who took time off *in lieu* of overtime payments. There was an element of glamour with tailor-made uniforms with gold braid on each sleeve that denoted the actual grade. Fifty years ago it was normal for Customs and Immigration examination for outward and inward flights; there were visa requirements for many destinations, and restrictions on the amount of sterling that could be taken out of the Country. A vital ongoing task was the passing of flight information to official organisations, such as The Collector of HM Customs and The Appointer in respect to the uniformed Waterguard Staff. There was further liaison with Immigration, Bonded Store Merchants, local Agents, and *an unusual one* ~ The National Dock Labour Board (NDLB).

This was because Aquila then operated in a port environment where baggage and freight would be handled by Stevedores However, due to the scale of operation Aquila Airways were significantly allowed to use their own crews on this work. A weekly return of the number of men & also the hours worked had to be submitted to the National Dock Labour Board.

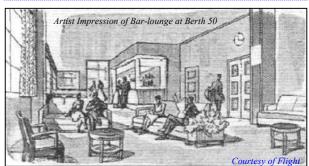
For every aircraft movement it was usual to ascertain the names of Customs, Immigration & other officials due to attend, for often they would be awaiting a telephone call from a member of Traffic Staff before making their way over to Berth 50.

There was an old established motor garage in Southampton Docks, which specialised in looking after cars when owners were away on holiday. This facility was also used by passengers with Aquila, which meant staff had to confirm with the garage that any such cars would be at Berth 50 by the Arrival Time. On occasions it was not unknown for staff to collect charges on behalf of the garage.

On 'arrival day' the earliest warning came usually *via* the Air Traffic Control at Hurn: This was the 'departure message' from Madeira, which gave details about the number of passengers, with the freight and mail onboard. This message was updated after the stop in Lisbon. Eventually, R/T contact was established with Berth 50 and the Control Launch about an hour before touch-down on Southampton Water. The Traffic Staff maintained the radio link at Berth 50 and logged every transmission that was made. At times, telephone lines were open so as to keep updated with local flying from Eastleigh and Lee-on-Solent airfields. Although this was important, the Traffic Staff had to be on the Pontoon Dock to assist with the actual disembarkation and to escort passengers to the Waiting Room to wait for Immigration & Customs examination. The crew were also subject to scrutiny which included the contents of the bar box which was sealed and then placed in a secure lock-up. A bar box only containing beers, spirits & tobacco goods, was the responsibility of the Steward (as today).



Left: The Marine Terminal at Southampton's Berth 50 from the era of BOAC ops of April 1948, to Nov. 1950, with a Hythe Class, Pontoon Dock & Terminal Building





Left: BOAC's *G-AGJJ Henley* within the Pontoon Dock Below: Overhead shot from an Aquila FB note the shadow



Whilst the uniformed Waterguard officers dealt with the crew and passengers, it was another grade - a Landing & Shipping Officer who cleared the aircraft by examination of the General Declaration along with the Freight & Passenger Manifest.

The General Declaration also contained the Health Statement. Any freight & mail landed were promptly dealt with and then it was lights out, home and await the following day when preparations were made for the outward flight to Madeira.

Before services commenced to Madeira, Aquila established its London Headquarters and Booking Office for tourists at No.1 Great Cumberland Place, London W1 (~ and for the final period with Britavia at 75 Wigmore Street, London W1).

Aquila Airways existed for a decade, and in that time carried several tens of thousands of tourists to a number of exotic destinations. Most were ordinary folk going on their annual holiday abroad, however sometimes the staff at Southampton had the chance of meeting celebrities of the day. The full list was quite lengthy ~ and included Dame Margaret Thatcher, Sir Winston Churchill, Constance Cumming, Rosamund John, Benn Levy, Gracie Fields, Sir John Mills, Trevor Howard and Sir Harry Secombe. There were others, and all added to making the job just that little bit special.

The freight flown in and out of Southampton is worth a mention too: Mail was to and from Southampton, from where the following items were exported - day old chicks, Great Dane puppies, air mail weight newspapers and the spares for ships.

Imports included Vespa scooter parts, cut flowers and wickerwork.

The Madeira departures were scheduled to leave Southampton late at night. This gave the whole day in which to prepare all the documentation and to liaise with HM Customs, also with HM Immigration and any other interested organisations.

One of the first tasks was to collect the magazines & newspapers from WH Smith, which were put aboard for passengers. When school children were travelling, a range of suitable comics were purchased to keep them occupied on the journey!

The outward freight was then dealt with - the correct Customs declaration was duly completed as well as an Airwaybill.

Each consignment to be boarded & shipped was entered on a Cargo Manifest which was part of the General Declaration.

These documents, as with the Passenger Manifest, were pre-cut stencils - and after completion duplicated on a Gestetner black ink duplicator. To accompany the commercial freight there were usually various bags of Royal Mail as airmail..."



Of the dozen Flying Boats stored at Lake from 1953, only 3 of these flew again:

G-AHIN Southampton G-AKCO St. George G-AKNT Singapore

These were part of those then on site (or to relocate to Lower Ham foreshore), awaiting sale or disposal as this Yard of the former *RAF Hamworthy* was to be used by the Royal Marines

"The Flight Reservations in London (which had been forwarded on) listed the names & ticket numbers of the passengers booked on the outward flight, so enabling the Passenger Manifest for the departure to be partially completed in advance. A sheet of carbon paper was inserted between the stencil and backing sheet, which made it easier to type in the baggage details as they became available. Although most of the passengers arrived at Southampton on the 'nominated' train from Waterloo, some arrived by road during the day. This gave the staff the chance to weigh their baggage, check their tickets and issue the boarding card that incorporated a seat plan. Arrangements could also be completed for the garaging of a car if required (- already referred to) and the range of this advance work considerably eased the pressure later in the evening.

All baggage, freight, mail and stores were weighed in kilograms - which was the international unit for travel by aviation. For the 'load sheet calculation' the flight crew used 75 kilos for each male and 65 kilos for each female that boarded the Flying Boat. A reduced weight was used for any minors. During the 1950s all passengers for Madeira needed an official visa stamp in their passports - an absolutely essential requirement which was checked by the traffic staff.

The bonded stores would arrive from the Bonded Store Merchant, who also brought the appropriate Customs Declaration. These items were securely packed & sealed, ready for examination by the uniformed Customs Officer later that evening, and the non-bonded stores would arrive from the Hamble base where the Aquila Airways Flying Boats were maintained.

After arranged meal breaks, the staff was ready to meet the passengers from Waterloo. Waiting at Southampton Central Station was a coach with places /seats for the passengers and a van for the baggage. Once at Berth 50 they had had their baggage weighed and any excess weight paid for by the passenger concerned. The tickets & passports were also checked. Next followed the Immigration and Customs examination - then a rest in the Bar-lounge of Berth 50's Marine Terminal before embarkation, where usually various light refreshments were served before actual boarding commenced in earnest. Meanwhile, when the Customs examination had been completed the baggage, freight and stores had been stowed on the aircraft...and all the necessary pre-flight checks carried out. Now the Flight Captain indicated that it was time to depart: An announcement was made advising passengers of the crew members, expected weather conditions, the flight time and the estimated time of arrival (ETA) at Madeira or at Lisbon if a stop had to be made for refuelling. The passengers were then escorted to the designated Flying Boat which was moored tail first within the 'U' shaped Pontoon Dock of Berth 50.

As soon as the aircraft had left the Pontoon Dock, and was proceeding to the 'take-off area' further down Southampton Water, the staff manned the radio at Berth 50 and maintained contact with the Launches + also the Flying Boat for about 45 minutes to an hour. At this point in time 'Goodnights and Bon Voyages' were exchanged - and the staff were able to go home after a long and interesting if exacting day."

With these Flying Boat connections and resulting publicity, Funchal as Madeira's capital proved to be a splendid resort; + for the network to be expanded to Las Palmas in the Canary Is., and for Lisbon's new Marine Terminal at Cabo Ruivo. Significantly, by 1957 a third of all visitors to Funchal - Madeira arrived by Flying Boat, as Norman Hull further details:

"Out of a total of 336,573 people who visited Madeira between 1949 and 1957, some 58,345 arrived by Flying Boat... This was just over 17%, regarded as 'new business' for the island rather than taking trade away from passenger ships."

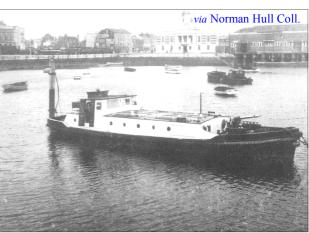
Aquila's Marine Sector - by Norman Hull

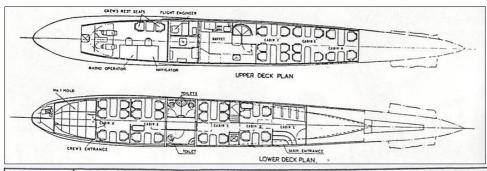
"When I was with Aquila the Marine Sector personnel comprised a Senior Coxswain, three Coxswains & five crew men. In addition there was a Marine Engine Fitter who kept the Launches in a good condition. Overall management came from the Operations Manager at Berth 50.

Due to the relatively low number of *ops* involved when compared to shipping movements, Aquila did not have to employ Stevedores from the National Dock Labour Board (NDLB). Instead, we were allowed to deploy usually 6 Marine Staff: So, apart from launch-handling, these Marine Staff also acted as Stevedores loading and unloading stores, freight + mail on the Flying Boats. On the inward flight they also acted as porters taking passengers' baggage to cars, taxis or the van. A return of the names + hours worked in this capacity had to be rendered each week to the National Dock Labour Board. There were 3 Launches *viz* a Control Pinnace (floating air traffic control tower), a Lead-in Launch and an open Workboat that was mainly used in and around the Pontoon Dock. "



When Norman Hull was with Aquila its Marine Section inc. a Marine Coxswain, a trio of Coxswains, and five Crewmen... Also, there was the Marine Engine Fitter who looked after the Control Pinnace, the Lead-in Launch for docking in Berth 50, and an open Launch. Ever-present was the Fire Float (opposite).





Aquila Passengers were given boarding cards during the check-in procedure... One side showed the seat number, while the reverse displayed a plan of the aircraft's two decks. (Norman Hull: Flying Boats of the Solent)

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" The following is a list of names compiled in the course of research in connection with the History of Aquila Airways Ltd. I met a large number of these personnel during my employment with the airline - for these the Christian name is included. There were some engaged on a temporary basis - for these it is just the surname denoted.

Wing Commander Barry Tomson Aikman DFC

For everyone within the listing any relevant information is also added alongside..."

Founder and Managing Director:

Other Directors:

(In Order of Appt.) A.G. Geoffrey Howland Jackson MBE

> D.M. Kemp-Gee H.A. Rapp H.C. Harold Rattle

Lord Malcolm Douglas-Hamilton OBE DFC MP Air Commodore A.V. Harvey CBE MP Brig. Gen. A.C. Critchley CMG CBE DSO

C. Ian Orr-Ewing OBE MP

Eoin C. Mekie (Chairman of the Board for Aquila Airways Ltd., and for Britavia)

Air Commodore G.J. 'Taffy' Powell CBE

S.A. Tennant Malcolm M. Millar A.J. Maitland-Margill-Crichton

General Sir Edwin E.L. Morris KCB OBE MC

(The above list compiled by Norman Hull from Quoted Boards of Directors on the Company Letters in the period 1950-58...)

Pilots: Simon Biddulph

Capt. M.C.M. 'Chris' Blackburn [PLNo. where known] Flew on maiden flight 1949

Capt. Frank H. 'Jim' Broadbent Killed in Artop's Martin PBM Mariner crash 1958 36327 Ronald 'Ron' Clark 39624 Flew on maiden flight 1949 Later became ops manager

Ellis

Capt. Frederick William 'Fred' Eltis Killed in the IoW crash 1957(Fred had flown 10,000 hours)

23811 Capt. Andrew Evans 27586 Ken Hammer

> Pat Holt First Officer

28262 Jack Jessop Went on to become a Director of British Airways

37393 Alan Kerry Capt. Norman Leedham 35004

Flew last Aquila Flight Flew for Aquila on the Berlin Airlift Moult (possibly Molt)

Geoff Myers 23489

46670

Capt. Douglas 'Doug' Pearson Senior Captain for Aquila ~ on maiden flight 28580

> W.P. Robinson On loan from BOAC for the Charter to the Falklands Tom Rowell Killed in Artop's Martin PBM Mariner crash 1958 John Michael 'Mike' Scarr First Officer ...Killed in the IoW crash 1957, aged 27

22749 Capt. Frank Simpson

John Squires Second Officer...Ex Silver City Airways

Temple Silver City Airways (1946-67)

Derek Weetman Second Officer

Geoff Woodhill Flew last Aquila Flight to Lisbon 49001

Wujastyk

Radio Officers Killed in the IoW crash 1957 D. Basson /NOs:

H.M. 'Mike' Bradford Flew last Aquila Flight to Lisbon Stephanus 'Steve' Jansen Combruick Killed in the IoW crash 1957, aged 30

Ted Van Dort Doug Hoyle Hunt Len Knight Ron Whitfield

Later became Flight Captain with BUA

Peter Worrell Flew on Aquila Maiden Flight in 1949...i/c ops Berth 50

Engineer Officers: Dave Blake

> Cole Jack Horan

Eric Iredell Snr. F/E ...originally with Imperial Airways Ltd.

David 'Dave' Richard Mitchener Killed in the IoW crash 1957, aged 33

Ivor Passmore Flew last Aquila Flight to Lisbon... HLM PFBC

Bert Rawson

Reg Russell [Only made infrequent Aquila flights: See also Maintenance]

Sewell Ron Smith

J.H. Stewart Flew on Aquila Maiden Flight in 1949

Don Townend

Others: Ralph Peter Carey An Official of Aquila: Survived the IoW Crash 1957 Stewards: George Barnes

> Eddie Boscoe Jack Coulsell John Denton Jim Fox J. Gerard E. Hunter

Dave McInroy

Alf Mead Bill Moran Bernard O'Neill

Chief Steward Gordon 'Don' Painter

John Snow Alf Trim Peter Walsh R. 'Bob' Woodward

Air Hostesses: (3 Categories and a Note)

Margaret Aitken

Mary Feetham

Senior Hostess J.H. Rougier-Watkins

Audrey Feavyer ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

Angela Ackworth Monica Edmonds J.M. Marion Evans Muriel M.P. Hanning-Lee

> Pam Kirby-Wynne Angela E.M. Kitcher

Rosemary Lloyd-Smith Ronnie Mills

Olive Morgan Mary Morris Pat O'Toole

Shirley Passmore (Mrs)

Maureen Pople Veronica Stevenson Then became permanent staff at Funchal

Killed in the IOW Crash 1957, aged 31

[Believed to have flown Madeira Route poss. when hired from BOAC]

[Attended Sir Winston Churchill in 1950 ~ reported in Southampton's Southern Daily Echo on 24th. April, 2004]

Killed in the IoW crash 1957 ~ aged 33 (a Canadian National) [Flew 1954 Soton-Iceland-Canada, G-AKNT Singapore from Poole Muriel's autobiography: 'Head in the Clouds' was published 1958]

Killed in the IoW crash 1957, aged 21 (Angela's first Flight!)

Wife of E/O Ivor Passmore... HLMs of PFBC

[* This denotes only a few flights completed]

** Note: Captain Andrew Evans wrote the following about Air Hostess Muriel Hanning-Lee, as an Obituary...

> " As one who knew Muriel Hanning-Lee very well both in the air and on the ground, I am pleased and honoured to be asked to write a tribute to her.

Knowing she had travelled approximately a million air miles, the news of her death in a flying accident seemed hard to believe, especially considering the enormous improvements in air safety during the years she was flying.

Contrary to popular opinion, an air hostess's job, particularly in a non-pressurised aircraft is extremely strenuous. Physically, Muriel was petite and not very strong, but her determination to carry out her allotted task was such that she never failed to do a service if she was capable of walking to the aircraft.

She made many friends amongst her passengers, not always on first meeting, probably due to her quiet and retiring nature, but often on subsequent meetings when she invariably remembered both faces and names.

She had a dry wit that may have offended some, but was much appreciated by others. I remember one occasion when I watched her deal with a troublesome gentleman who had underestimated the effect of his pre-lunch drinks at altitude... Suddenly he said,

"I suppose you think I am drunk."

She replied promptly and quietly,

" Oh, I hope so, sir. I should hate to think there is any other reason." His behaviour was impeccable for the remainder of the flight.

On behalf of her many friends, especially those of the flying fraternity, I salute Muriel whose kindness, balance and keen mentality will long be remembered

Launch Crew Marine Staff:

Contd.

Marine Officer

Bill Smith

In overall charge of Aquila's Marinecraft Unit + Marine Ops

Crews: ~

Coxswain Charlie Gattrell

Chas. Gill Eddie Gill

Coxswain Charlie Hammerton

G. Hodder

Senior Coxswain Frank Lavington

'Paddy' MacCartney Coxswain Eddie Slade

A. Presland

Listed as an additional Crew Member

Marine Engine Fitters

Peter Blake

Joe Norrish

Maintenance Staff

Ground Engineers:

'Digger' Seymour

Chief Engineer

'Alice'

Cleaning Duties Maintenance

Ivan D Beale Dennis Bulpitt

'Stan' Burrows

Electrical

Caddy Caldicott

Chivers 'Nobby' Clarke

Engine Fitter Engine Fitter

Bill Cole Ivor Daniels 'Dixie' Dean

Farmer Tom Goodfellow

Healey Hunt

Storekeeper

Vic Humphries Johnson

John Lee Jack Martin Tom Matthews **Engine Fitter** Upholsterer Van Driver

Moody Ralph Norster 'Reg' Oliver Pennicott George Pickford

'Vic Pitt'

Engine Fitter

Norman Powell Reverley

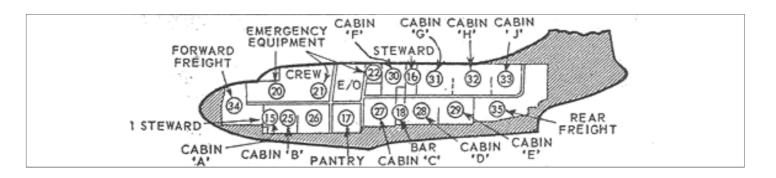
'Reg' Russell

[Also some Flying Duties as EO]

Ivor Salter Alan Terry

Tring [or Tringham?]

Alan Wood



[&]quot; Aquila Airways Maintenance was set up at Hamble with a hard slipway that gave direct access to beach or float Flying Boats. It was headed by 'Digger Seymour'... Where known I have indicated the relevant trades..."

Contd.

In 1953, British Aviation Services Group (BAS) announced its intention to take over Aquila Airways, as Britain's last remaining Flying Boat operator... This encompassed a merger of Aquila with Silver City Airways to be also known as the operator Britavia ...

According to BAS's official statement regarding the proposed Aquila takeover, this transaction envisaged the acquisition of Aquila's entire share capital 'partly on a cash and partly on a share exchange basis'. It furthermore entailed the relocation of Aquila Airway's administrative and reservation offices to BAS's Central London premises and also the continuation of all flying boat operations as a separate entity under Aquila managing director Barry Aikman. (Ref: Flight International 13th. March 1953 p.342)

Essentially, BAS's official statement at the time foresaw an expansion of their various Flying Boat activities and an increase in the associated fleet and facilities as well as additional services to and from Portugal, including Madeira...

Administration: London B.T Aikman DFC Founder, Chairman and Managing Director [Until 1956]

Gordon Archibald Accounts

Peter Carey [Survived 'Sydney' crash, to enjoy career with aviation on London]

R.J Clarke Operations / Commercial Manager

Ron Cust Accounts

Kathy Horton Sec. to Barry Aikman (also previous to Aquila) [Married Peter Worrall]
B. Hunt (Mrs) [Occasional support: Possibly on Britavia Desk rather than Aquila]

Ron Ilsey Accounts

Mary Lee (Mrs) Passenger Reservations, London

Mary Ann Marks Secretary Les 'Ric' Rickards Accounts

Billy Wallis Sales ~ Curzon Street

John Webb Public Relations Officer for Aquila

Berth 50 Office Staff:J. HankinStation Superintendant (i/c)(also Hamble)Mike StrangewayStation Superintendant

Peggy Barlett Clerical ~ Hamble

Alan Cairns Traffic Staff [Seconded from Silver City]

Brian Dyke Traffic
Pat Finnegan Traffic
Barbara Fitzgerald Traffic
Alan Ford Traffic Officer

N I II II TO CO

Norman Hull Traffic Officer Archivist for Aquila Airways Ltd.: Hon. VP PFBC

Ray Liddiard Traffic Officer
Lloyd (Mrs) Ground Catering
Des Mansfield Operations
David McCririck Clerical

Marion Moody Luggage handler

Peter Norris Traffic

Parker (Mrs) Secretary at Hamble
Lola Soutter (Mrs) Secretary at Hamble
Ray Webber Senior Traffic Officer

Peter Worrall Operations

Others (unspecified): Reg Webster

Overseas: Tomas Pinto Basto Aquila Chief Rep. at Funchal

Mike Davies Mainly Reporting on Sea Conditions at Funchal

Norma Gould Aguila Office Staff at Funchal

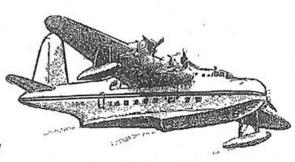
Dave McInroy Aquila Office Staff at Funchal... also Coverage of Sea Conditions
Correia Mendes Station Rep. at Lisbon... Aquila Movements Cabo Ruivo on R. Tagus

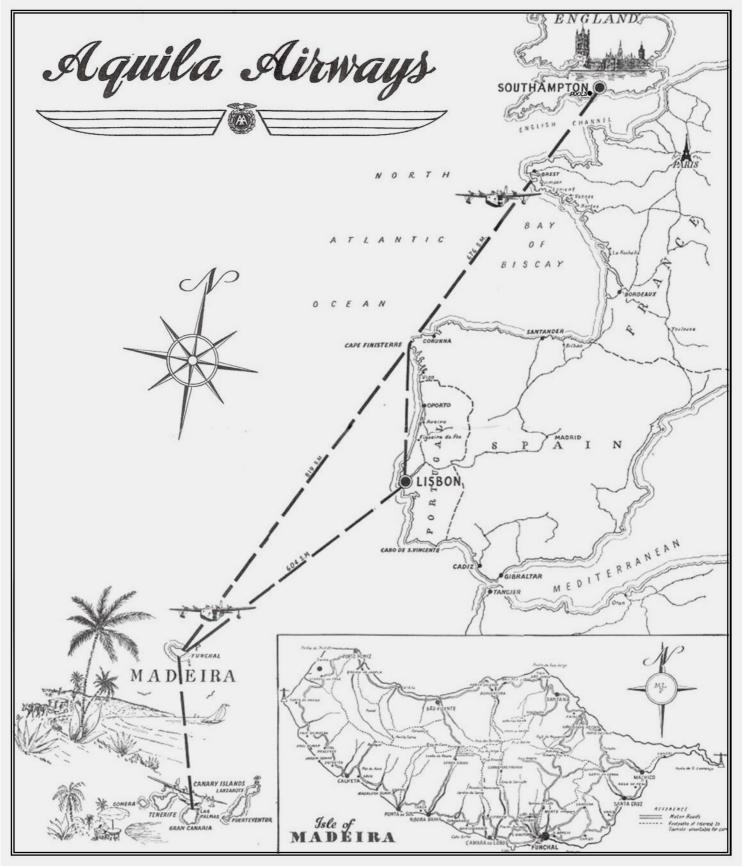
S. Vierira Runway Controller at Funchal:



Norman G. Hull

Marine Aviation
Author and Historian







Famous Flying Boats' Red Launch of Aquila Airways at Funchal

Lancha de apoio aos hidro-aviões da Aquila Airways na baía do Funchal em 1957. Construída na Inglaterra durante a Segunda Guerra Mundial. Ao serviço dos hidro-aviões até 1958. Vendida a um particular, está preservada na Madeira. Casco em madeira e duplo V. Comprimento: 12,00 m; boca: 2,60 m; velocidade: 20 nós.

Aquila Airways flying-boats' tender in Funchal bay, 1957. Built in the United Kingdom during the WW2. the AQUILA served as tender to the flying-boats until sold in 1958 to local interest in Madeira where she still exists. Wooden hulled. Length: 12,00 m; breadth: 2,60 m; speed: 20 knots.

Aimée with due acknowledgement and much gratitude to Norman Hull, to whom this pdf No. 15 is Dedicated and to all the Staff who gave such marvellous Service, ... also to the inspirational Barry Aikman for Aquila!